

Table 2
Employment and Payroll County Business Patterns*
for Coal County and the State of Oklahoma

Employment				
Based on NAICS ¹	Health Services Employment	Total County Employment	Health Services as a Percent of Total County Employment	Health Services as a Percent of Total State Employment
2002	208	808	25.7%	15.1%
2003	392	728	53.8%	15.2%
2004	190	611	31.1%	15.4%
2005	197	572	34.4%	15.4%
2006	218	564	38.7%	15.1%
2007	240	683	35.1%	15.3%
2008	214	717	29.8%	15.3%
2009	236	770	30.6%	16.0%
% Change '02 - '09	13.5%	-4.7%		

Payroll				
Based on NAICS ¹	Health Services Payroll (\$1000s)	Total County Payroll (\$1000s)	Health Services as a Percent of Total County Payroll	Health Services as a Percent of Total State Payroll
2002	\$3,739	\$14,868	25.1%	15.2%
2003	\$6,502	\$13,880	46.8%	15.2%
2004	\$3,977	\$11,424	34.8%	15.7%
2005	\$4,237	\$12,514	33.9%	15.5%
2006	\$4,395	\$11,549	38.1%	15.1%
2007	\$4,486	\$13,922	32.2%	15.3%
2008	\$4,456	\$15,567	28.6%	15.2%
2009	\$5,085	\$17,191	29.6%	16.8%
% Change '02 - '09	36.0%	15.6%		

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, County Business Patterns; 2002-2009 data (www.census.gov [May 2012]).

¹ The Health Care and Social Assistance NAICS sector comprises establishments providing health care and social assistance for individuals. The sector includes both health care and social assistance because it is sometimes difficult to distinguish between the boundaries of these two activities. Industries in this sector are arranged on a continuum starting with those establishments providing medical care exclusively, continuing with those providing health care and social assistance, and finally finishing with those providing only social assistance. The services provided by establishments in this sector are delivered by trained professionals. All industries in the sector shared this commonality of process, namely, labor inputs of health practitioners or social workers with the requisite expertise. Many of the industries in the sector are defined based on the educational degree held by the practitioners included in the industry.

* Data from County Business Patterns exclude self-employed persons, employees of private households, railroad employees, agricultural production workers, and for most government employees (except for those working in wholesale liquor establishments, retail liquor stores, Federally-chartered savings institutions, Federally-chartered credit unions, and hospitals).